

Showers late tonight or Thursday.

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USE BALLOONS TO KILL CZAR, RUSSIAN PLOT

Terrorists Plan to Drop Bombs on Palace and Wipe Out Whole Family.

NICHOLAS AFRAID TO LEAVE YACHT

Dirigible Aircraft Said to Have Been Purchased on the German Frontier.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 19.—A plot by terrorists to drop bombs on the imperial palace at Peterhof from balloons, is said to have been discovered by the authorities, and in this connection it is stated that the discovery of the plot was the cause for the Czar's sudden decision to take a cruise on the imperial yacht Standart, with his entire family.

The terrorists, foiled in all their attempts to reach the Czar, are said to have determined on the novel balloon method. Two dirigible balloons are said to have been purchased by terrorists from an American and they are being kept in Germany until a favorable opportunity presents itself to send them to Russia for use against the royal family.

It is the hope of the terrorists that by means of the balloons they can drop bombs of sufficient explosive force upon the palace to destroy the entire structure. The desire the death of the Czar, the heir to the throne, and of Grand Duke Vladimir as much as they do that of the Czar. By destroying the palace they could also probably destroy many of the reactionaries who are regarded as their special enemies because they have exerted influence to prevent the Czar from granting reforms.

Trepoff Funeral Held at Peterhof

Czar's Stepson

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 19.—The funeral of General Trepoff, Russia's first stepson, was held at Peterhof this morning.

Owing to the fear of the authorities that terrorists would attempt an outrage in connection with the funeral, the greatest precautions were taken to see that no opportunity for a demonstration of any kind was given. Every available Cossack was used in guarding the church and all approaches to it, and soldiers were stationed at all points of vantage. The instructions to the guards were to shoot anyone trying to approach too near the church. Emperor Nicholas was not in attendance at the services. Arrangements were made for him to attend, but the royal yacht Standart, after remaining for several hours in the open sea yesterday waiting for a chance to run in at Peterhof, suddenly started for Korp, where the Czar is expected to arrive tomorrow. It is understood Premier Stolypin strongly advised the Czar not to attend the funeral, as it would be dangerous for him to do so, owing to the discovery of a plot by terrorists to blow up the church and its occupants.

The funeral service lasted three hours and was attended by many prominent court officials, who were present because they believed the Emperor would be there.

Colonel Is Killed In Warsaw Streets; Murderers Get Away

WARSAW, Poland, Sept. 19.—Terrorists here today issued a proclamation giving notice that they have determined upon the murder of officers "en masse."

In fulfillment of their threat five terrorists shot and killed Colonel Nicoloff, an artillery officer, while he was walking in the streets. The murderers escaped.

Appeal of Hebrews For English Help In Polish Towns

LONDON, Sept. 19.—Sir Charles Harding, secretary of the foreign office, received an influential deputation of Hebrews, who submitted to him a report of the Siedlec massacre and predictions of massacres at Warsaw and elsewhere. They asked the government to take action.

The secretary promised to telegraph immediately to the British ambassador at St. Petersburg.

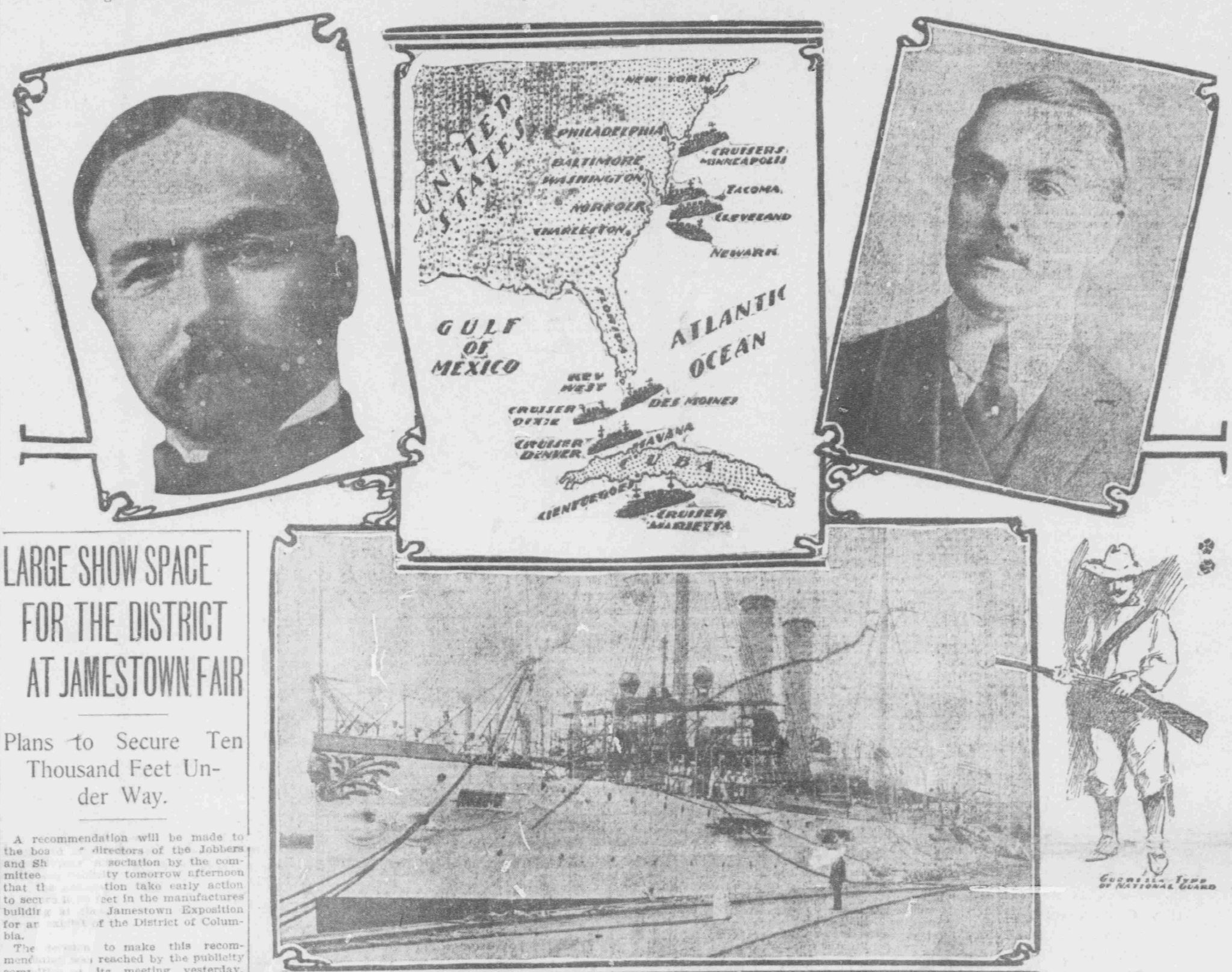
The Zionist central organization at Cologne has telegraphed to King Edward that the military authorities at Siedlec have been the cause of the dreadful state of affairs there recently.

PALMA BOLDER ON ARRIVAL OF TAFT AND BACON; REBELS SURROUND CITY TO IMPRESS AMERICANS

Brigadier General Funston.

Disposition of American Warships.

United States Minister Morgan.



Cruiser Des Moines, Which Conveyed the Commissioners to Havana.

LARGE SHOW SPACE FOR THE DISTRICT AT JAMESTOWN FAIR

Plans to Secure Ten Thousand Feet Under Way.

A recommendation will be made to the board of directors of the District of Columbia by the committee on the Jamestown Exposition that the district take early action to secure a large show space in the manufactures building at the Jamestown Exposition for an exhibit of the District of Columbia.

The board to make this recommendation was reached by the publicity committee at its meeting yesterday. The committee did not decide to engage the space by its own authority, for it is believed with such power as would be given by the board, it will merely make a recommendation to the board.

It is hoped that the board will take the action indicated. After a thorough discussion the committee decided that the District of Columbia will profit more by an exhibit in the general manufactures building than by having a building of its own at the exposition. The appeal of the District building might be only to the people from the District, while an exhibit in the general building would be under the eyes of all visitors.

Cost About \$15,000.

In making its recommendation the committee will call to the attention of the board of directors that it is of the utmost importance that the desired space be secured as soon as possible. Such action, it is believed, would insure the District obtaining advantageous location and display. The cost of the exhibit is estimated at \$15,000. There are now in the office of the secretary of the association, Monroe Lucas, 100,000 copies of the circular which those in control of the association hope will be distributed through the co-operation of the members of the organization. The request that the authorities of Prince George's county, Md., permit the use of the county fair grounds for the exhibition of the District of Columbia is being handled by the secretary of the association, Mr. J. H. Munsey. The request that the authorities of Prince George's county, Md., permit the use of the county fair grounds for the exhibition of the District of Columbia is being handled by the secretary of the association, Mr. J. H. Munsey.

The "Boom" Circular.

The circular reads as follows: "Six good arguments in support of the 'Washington is the gateway of the world' slogan. (Continued on Fourth Page.)"

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Cloudy, showery weather continues in the south Atlantic States, Tennessee, and the Ohio valley. And rains have also fallen in the central Rocky mountain region, South Dakota, eastern Nebraska, eastern Kansas, and Oklahoma.

The temperature has risen in Eastern districts, and is now considerably above the seasonal average in the lower lake region and the Ohio valley.

The temperature will not change materially. The following heavy precipitation (in inches) has been reported during the past twenty-four hours: Omaha, 1.02; Sioux City, 1.44; Asheville, 1.06; St. Louis, 1.44; Asheville, 1.06; St. Louis, 1.44.

Steamers departing today for European ports will have light variable winds, mostly westerly, and fair weather in the Grand Banks.

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MISS WEIBINDER HAS IDENTIFIED HER ASSAILANT

Authorities Fear Prisoner May Be Taken From Jail and Lynched.

Fears for the safety of William Chase, alias Jones, colored, who was identified today by Miss Lizzie Weibinder as the man who attacked and attempted to assault her near Magruder's Station on Monday morning, are entertained by the authorities of Prince George's county, Md. The county fair is now on in Marlboro, and a large crowd than ever is in the little town. Armed and determined men are mobilizing, with the intention, it is believed, of taking the prisoner from the jail and meeting out summary punishment to him. It is believed he is the same man who attempted to assault another girl near Tuxedo about four weeks ago, although he has not been identified by her.

Chase was arrested at a colored dance at Landover, Md., last night shortly before 12 o'clock. His arrest was brought about by Ernest Berkley, who traced him from Tuxedo to Landover and informed Constable Vincent, who made the arrest. At the time the man was taken into custody he was armed with a loaded revolver, but made no attempt to use it.

Positively Identifies Him.

Miss Weibinder had recovered sufficiently from the shock of her desperate encounter with her would-be assailant to go to Hyattsville this morning and see the prisoner, who was kept in the lockup at that place last night. As soon as she saw him she exclaimed, "That's the very negro who attacked me and threatened to shoot me if I screamed Monday morning."

Thinking that perhaps Miss Weibinder might be mistaken, the constable had the burly prisoner talk for some moments. The young woman was more positive than ever of the identification when she heard the prisoner speak, and insisted that she could not possibly be mistaken. The fact that Miss Weibinder carried a revolver and a weapon was found in Chase's pocket also counts against him, although he stoutly protests his innocence and says

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Lumber at Old Prices.

Lumber Trust bought, 33 dressed boards reduced to \$2.25. Libbey & Co., 6th st. and N. Y. ave.—Adv.

Confusion Is Supreme In Democratic Ranks In New York State

Primaries Add Fuel to Flames Between Hearst and Anti-Hearst Men.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—This city's primaries yesterday were decisive in the Republican party, but left the political confusion in the local Democratic party worse than ever. Lemuel E. Quigg, the New York lieutenant of Benjamin B. Odell, admits that he was snubbed under the Roosevelt administration leader. The exact figures indicate that Parsons will have 500 out of 723 votes in the county convention. Quigg lost his own district, the Fifteenth. About midnight Parsons called up President Roosevelt by telephone and was congratulated.

In the Tammany primaries Mayor McClellan carried four and Charles F. Murphy seven of the eleven contested districts. The New York World estimates that in the executive committee Murphy will have 134 votes, the Sullivan 84, and Mayor McClellan 84. In addition Frank J. Goodwin, James J. Martin, and John V. Cogey, whose allegiance is doubtful, together will control 21 votes.

McClellan and Murphy Both Hopeful.

In the matter of Democratic control almost everything will depend upon the attitude of the Sullivan. McClellan partisans claim that they will be independent and use their influence for Sullivan for governor. Murphy, on the other hand, claims that the Sullivan will follow him and that together they will control the delegations to Buffalo and enforce the unit rule.

Hearst leaders are today banking on the unit rule going through and on Murphy's swinging the Manhattan delegation to Hearst. It is stated on the other hand that a resolution of a recent State convention on file to the effect that the unit rule applies to assembly districts and not to counties. If the assembly district rule holds the Manhattan delegation will be divided. In all districts yesterday Tammany Hall men have come out for Hearst. In Brooklyn McCarran carried all districts but two in the Democratic primaries. Woodruff fought all three. These three went to Michael J. Dady.

In Higgins' camp here out for Hearst. In Higgins' camp here out for Hearst. In Higgins' camp here out for Hearst.

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BOTH SIDES READY TO SUBMIT CASE TO COMMISSIONERS

But Rebels May Fight If the Decision is Against Them.

HAVANA, Sept. 19.—The United States cruiser Des Moines with Secretary Taft and his party aboard steamed quietly into Havana harbor at 2 o'clock this morning.

At 8 o'clock Juan Francisco O'Farrell, secretary of state, with two of President Palma's aides called on Messrs. Taft and Bacon. Mr. Sleepers, American charge d'affaires, accompanied Senor O'Farrell, and conferred with them for about thirty minutes. After the interview he said, in answer to inquiries, that he had been very much pleased, but he refused to say more.

Mr. Taft went at 10 o'clock to the palace to see President Palma. Secretary Taft said that afterward he and Mr. Bacon would go to the American legation on San Legaro street, and then to Minister Morgan's residence at Mariano, which is ten miles outside the city of Havana.

Palmaites Grow Bolder.

Feeling more secure in its position since the arrival of Secretaries Taft and Bacon to enforce the notice of President Roosevelt served on Cuba, that the fighting here must cease, the government today is adopting a more haughty tone toward the insurgents. The revolutionists have placed their forces around Havana with a view of impressing the American visitors.

Ranged just outside the gates of Havana are the armies of General Castillo, Colonel Asbert, General Guzman, and General Gaus, commanding practically all the insurgents which have been engaged in Santa Clara and Havana provinces. Pino Guerra, with his army from Pinar del Rio, is expected to reach the suburbs of the capital today.

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ARMY WILL ACT ON OCTOBER 1 IF TAFT FAILS

Department Making Preparation For Possible Invasion of Cuba.

FUNSTON TO COMMAND; OFFICERS CALLED HOME

Generals Barry and Duvall Summoned From Germany For Immediate Duty.

Active preparations for an invasion of Cuba by an army of the United States are being made by the War Department. Brig. Gen. Frederick Funston, the hero of the Spanish and Philippine wars, has been selected by the President to command any army which may be sent to Cuba, and Brig. Gen. Thomas H. Barry, assistant chief of staff, and W. P. Duvall, who commands the Department of the Gulf, both of whom are now in Germany attending the German army maneuvers, have been called to come home immediately for possible duty in Cuba.

Armed Intervention Next Move.

It is understood on excellent authority that it has been determined by the President that failure by the Cubans to accept the suggestions to be made by Secretary of War Taft and Assistant Secretary of State Bacon, for a lasting peace, will cause immediate armed intervention by the United States. While the greatest secrecy is being maintained in official circles relative to the plans of the Administration with regard to Cuba, it is stated by high authority that October 1 is the limit which has been set by the President for an amicable agreement by the warring parties of Cuba. If peace is not established by then it is probable that powerful military and naval forces will be sent by this country to Cuba to force the Cubans to return to peaceful living.

Situation Not Improved.

In the opinion of certain well-informed officials of the Government the situation in Cuba, while apparently quiet, has not actually improved since the announcement was made that a peace commission was going to Havana under orders from President Roosevelt. It had been hoped that the mere announcement of the selection of Secretary of War Taft and Assistant Secretary of State Bacon to act as peace commissioners would cause the contending factions in Cuba to lay down their arms and endeavor, without further bloodshed, to come to some amicable settlement. The latest advices received from Cuba tend to show that the Cubans are not sincere in their peaceful talk.

Active Young Officers.

It could not be learned today just how large a force the War Department is preparing to send to Cuba. The fact that Generals Barry and Duvall had been ordered home from Germany by the first available steamer, was only verified after considerable delay, and with the utmost reluctance on the part of the authorities at the War Department.

Transporting Troops May Become Problem; Few Ships Available

Just how the War Department would transport 5,000 men to Cuba—should the necessity to do so suddenly arise—is a problem. It is probable that ships would have to be hired or bought. At present the only army transport available on the Atlantic coast is the Sumner, which is at New York, having some repairs done to her engines. She is expected to be ready for service in a day or two. She would be able to carry about a thousand men. Two transports are now on their way to the United States from the Philippines. They are the Kilpatrick and the McClellan. They sailed from Manila on the first of the month, and it is supposed that they are now somewhere near the entrance of the Red Sea. They cannot reach New York for about three weeks yet, but at that they may be here in plenty of time before an emergency arises.

The only other vessel that the War Department has available for troop transportation is the cable steamer, the Cyrus W. Field, which might be pressed into this service. At a pinch she could probably carry about 500 men. Under these circumstances it is probable that the peace negotiations of Taft and Bacon will be prolonged, even if it should become apparent comparatively early that they are not desirable.

Moses' Sept. Sales Offer Best Values in Furniture, Carpets, Rugs & Draperies. —Adv.